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PROGRAMMABLE STEPER MOTOR CONTROLLER SMSD-1.5

Manual

SMSD.15.003

1. Product designation

Programmable stepper motor controller SMSD-1.5 is designed to operate with stepper motor with maximum current per phase up to 1.6 Amp. There are three control modes provided: programmable, manual or simple driver.

2. Functions and possibilities

- Recording the operation algorithm from a computer to EEPROM of the unit as a sequence of ASCII commands.
- Reading the saved algorithm from the EEPROM to a computer.
- In the programmable mode: control the stepper motor as per the program, saved in the unit's memory. Speed, acceleration/deceleration, displacement, direction of the stepper motor are set as a sequence of execution commands and is storage in the nonvolatile memory of the unit.
- In the simple driver mode: the unit receives logic signals "PULS" and "DIR" 0VDC low level and 8-24VDC high level.
- In the manual mode: the unit receives analog signal "Speed" (voltage signal 0-5VDC, internal or external potentiometer) and digital signals "Reverse" and "Enable".
- For synchronized operation of several SMSD-1.5 units and other devices there are 3 digital inputs and one output relay are provided. These inputs and output relay are used in the programmable mode.
- The unit can operate and be controlled by a computer or in a standalone mode.
- There is zero positioning function provided: start zero search by a command or by a signal on the digital input. Stop zero searching movement as input signal is received. The function provides homing by an individual input.
- The unit stops motor motion as receives a signal on an "Enable" input.
- The unit changes rotation direction as receives a signal on a "Reverse" input (in the manual and programmable modes).
- The microstepping can be changed on-fly in the manual and programmable modes.

3. Technical characteristic

	Table1			
Common characteristic:				
Number of controlled stepper motors	1			
Maximum output current per phase, Amp	1.6			
Minimum output current per phase, Amp	0.16			
Microstepping modes	1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16			
Pulses frequency in programmable and manual modes, Hz	1 - 10000			
Voltage input, VDC	10 - 30			
Dimensions, mm no more	117x83x23			
Inputs DIR, STEP (simple driver mode):				
High voltage level, VDC	4-24			



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Please, connect current-limiting resistance when use high level voltage					
more, than 8VDC: 1 KOhm for 12VDC, 2 KOhm for 24VDC).					
Low voltage level, VDC	0-1				
Input resistance, KOhm no less	3.0				
Digital inputs EN, Reverse, BX1, BX2:					
Contact to GND					
Communication interface - USB, virtual COM RS232:					
- baud	9600				
- bits	8				
- parity	even				
- stop bit	1				
Additional output «5VDC»:					
Voltage, VDC	5				
Maximum load current, mAmp	20				
Resistance, Ohm	27				

Environmental Conditions:

Ambient Temperature: -25...+50°C Humidity: 90% RH or less upon condition +25°C Condensation and freezing: none Pressure: 650...800 mm of mercury

Dimensions:





4. Construction



SMSD-1.5 is designed as a circuit plate with electronics elements, installed on a heatsink plate and covered with a metal case. Besides electronic components, there are indicating and control elements, connection terminals and connectors on the board:

- terminal screws for power supply, stepmotor windings and control circuit connection;
- USB plug for a computer connection;
- control buttons "Reset", "Homing", "Start";
- internal preset potentiometer «V» to adjust speed in the manual mode.;
- connector "-----" for an external potentiometer connection to control motor speed in the manual mode;
- LED for indication of the controller status;
- switches SW1 SW2 to set the operation mode;
- switches SW3 SW5 to set the microstepping mode;
- internal potentiometer to adjust output current.

5. Assembly and connection

Please, learn this manual carefully before connection and assembly.

Please, wire just when power is off. Do not attempt to change wiring while the power is ON.

Please, provide a reliable contact in connection terminals. During wiring, please, observe the polarity and wire management.

Assembly and connection order

1. Connect the SMSD-1.5 controller with stepper motor, switches and electric DC power supplier according to one of schemes shown on images 3-6.

2. Connect if necessary the SMSD-1.5 controller to a computer by an interface USB cable (included to the set).

Connection schemes

The connection example in the programmable mode is on the image 3, in the simple driver mode – image 4, in the manual mode – image 5. The switch connection example is on the image 6.





Fig 3. Programmable mode – connection example



Fig 4. Simple driver mode – connection example





Fig 5. Manual mode – connection example



Fig 6. NPN switch connection example

Motor connection

The SMSD-1.5 controller provides operation with 2 or 4-phase stepper motors, 4, 6 or 8 wires. Winding connection examples are in the table 2. Connect step motor wires to A, A*, B and B* terminals of SMSD-1.5.







6. Before starting

- 1. Make sure the power supply is turned off.
- 2. Chose the suitable operation mode and set microswitches SW1 and SW2 according to the table 3.

Table .3

Table 4

Operation	Micros	switch	Control	
mode	SW1 SW2		Control	
Programmable ON O		ON	As per the preset motion algorithm, saved in the controller's memory.	
Programmable	ON	ON	Algorithm consists of a sequence of commands – simple instructions.	
Simple driver	OFF	ON	Pulse and Dir logic signals – low and high level voltage.	
Monual	ON OF	ON OFF	Speed is adjusted by a potentiometer or analog signal 0-5VDC,	
Manual			direction is changed by a logic signal (pulse).	

3. Chose suitable microstepping mode and set microswitches SW3 – SW5 according to the table 4. The new microstepping in the simple driver mode is applied after RESET (by button or input signal).

	1	1/2	1/4	1/8	1/16
SW3	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
SW4	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
SW5	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF

4. Make wiring according to the section 5 "Assembly and connection".

5. Set suitable for the stepper motor current per phase. Please, use the potentiometer "Current" on the board of the controller. Adjust current according image 7. The output current, set by the potentiometer, should be set according to the motor's description. Low current leads to a weak torque of the motor, high current leads to the motor heating and can damage the motor.



Fig 7. Output current adjusting

6. If necessary, connect the SMSD-1.5 controller to a computer by the USB cable, which is supplied with the unit.

7. Check wiring once again and turn on the power supply.

8. If the operation mode should be changed after power on, set SW1 and SW2 according to the table 3 and RESET the controller (by button or input signal).

If the microstepping mode should be changed after power on, set SW3 – SW5 according to the table 4. In the programmable and manual mode new microstepping applies at once. In the simple driver mode it is necessary to RESET controller to apply new microstepping mode.

9. To control the stepper motor:

- **In the simple driver mode** (connection example on the image 4) set the required sequence of logic signals "STEP" and "DIR" according to the scheme below (image 8).

One step (or microstep) executes as the front edge of the voltage pulse on the "STEP" input. Direction switches by changing voltage level on the "DIR" input.

The motor cab be stopped by the active signal on the "EN" input (clean contact of EN and GND).





Fig 8 .STEP and DIR input signals

In the manual mode information of current speed of the motor is available via communication interface as the ASCII string. To change direction set signal to the "REVERSE" input – contact "REVERSE" and logic "GND". Direction changes as the front edge of the signal.

- In the programmable mode to control via a computer the USB cable connection should be provided. For a standalone operation the executing program should be saved via USB (virtual RS-232), after that the USB cable can be disconnected. For virtual RS-232 communication the special driver USB-RS-232 should be installed to the computer. Please, download the package with the driver and SMC-Program from our web-site http://www.stepmotor.biz/program/smc_program.rar. Save on a computer hard drive, unpack the archive and launch the installation file CP210x_VCP_Win2K_XP_S2K3.exe (it is located in folder "smc_program\driver-usb-com\CP210x_VCP_Windows of the downloaded package"). Please, follow the instructions during the installation progress. As a result when the controller is connected to the PC, the additional program COM-port appears (CP2102 USB to UART Bridge Controller).

The availability and the number of new port can be checked in windows device manager (Windows XP: On the desktop rightclick on My Computer and click Properties or open the Control Panel and double-click the System icon. In the System Properties window click the Hardware tab. In the Hardware tab click the Device Manager button) – image 9. This COM-port should be used for communication with SMSD-1.5 controller. The port properties should be set in a terminal program according to the table 1. As a terminal program SMC_Program or some other software can be used (software should provide RS-232 ASCII communication). The program is available and supplied with the SMSD-1.5 controller.

Saving execute program with SMC_Program

The program should be copied to the hard drive of the computer. Unpack the program pack. SMC_Program doesn't require registration and installation. The write/read operations should be allowed in the program folder (carefully check for windows vista and windows 7).



Fig. 9



SMC_Program - ver. 3.0.4E File Port settings Program settings Info Ghose port Port settings Units: Scale: 1 Mm = 1 steps C Com 1 C Com 1 C Com 2 C Com 2 C Com 3 S C Com 3 C Com 3 C Com 3 C Com 4 C Com 3 C Com 4 C Com 5 C	Fig 13	It is necessary to set port properties in SMC_Program. Menu "Port settings" > «Chose port» (image 12) chose the connected port number and press "Ok" (image 13).
SMC_Program - ver.3.0.4E File Port settings Prot settings Prot settings Prot settings Program settings Imm = Steps Imm = Program settings Program settings Imm = Steps Imm = Imm =<	SMC_Program - ver. 3.0.4E File Port settings Program settings Image: Scale: Image:	Image: Control mode Image: Control mode

Fig 10. SMC_Program – control via simple panel

Fig 11. SMC_Program – program assembling

In the simple control panel window (img 10) check the box 1, (coordinate 1 - img. 14).



If the program is in the simple control mode (image 10) - input motor operation parameters (steps number, speed, acceleration, direction) and press the button "write" to record parameters to the controller and press the button "start" to start motion according to the recorded command sequence. Or press the button "Write and start" to record new parameters and start motion at the moment.

If the program is in the programming control mode (image 11) add to the command list:

1) «Start loading to the coordinate 1» ¹

2) Add commands to assemble the operation algorithm.

3) «End loading» **b**.

4) Press the button «send» under the command list.

Commands list and description are in the section 7. "Commands", and in the SMC_Program manual.

After the commands sequence (operation algorithm) is recorded into the controller there are two possibilities: to continue control by the SMC_Program or to use the controller in standalone mode. To start program executing in the standalone mode press the "Start" button or contact "Start" and "GND" at the controller frame.

Saving execute program with other terminal program with RS-232 communication function

Set the port number (check in the windows device manager, image 9), set port parameters according to the table 1. Input required commands sequence using the ASCII codes (table 5, 6; section 7).



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7. Commands

Commands in the programmable mode should be byte-serial (character-serial) transferred. Every command should be completed with the ending character "*". The ending character "\" instead of "*" cancels previous bytes transfer (whole string). There is the commands list in the table 5 and 6. Commands can be loaded to the memory of controller and then controller works in standalone mode or commands can be executed in real-time mode ("direct control"). The SMSD-1.5 controller receives and checks every command after receiving the ending character "*". Controller sends to the communication port a reply after receiving every command (successful or error command). All possible controller replies are presented in the table 7.

Table . 5

Nº	Command	Standalone mode	«Direct control»
1	LD (or LD1)	Start loading to the controller – after the command controller is in the loading mode.	_
2	RD	Read the command sequence from the controller memory	-
		Start or stop commar	nds sequence executing
3	ST	Start if the controller in the programmable standby mode, stop if the commands sequence is executing.	After receiving this command, the motor will stop immediately, the previous command is considered complete
4	LB	-	Start loading to the operational buffer. If this command is received while driving, the motor is stopped and turned off.
5	RB	-	Read the command sequence from the operational buffer. If this command is received while driving, the motor is stopped and turned off.
6	SBddd	-	Start the commands sequence of the operational buffer executing. ddd – sets how many times the program from the operational buffer should be executed (from 1 to 255). If it is necessary to stop program executing use ST command
7	ED	Complete executing commands sequence. After accepting this command the controller records all transferred	Complete executing commands sequence. After accepting this command the controller record all commands to



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	commands into the memory and turns to	operational	buffer	and	turns	to	the
	the standby mode.		standby mode				

Exec	Executing commands						
Nº	Command	Standalone mode	«Direct control»				
		Set address pointer in 0					
8	BG	Begin - start a new algorithm, the previous sequence is cleared.	Begin - start a new algorithm in the buffer, the previous sequence is cleared.				
9	EN	Set "enable" – t	urn on the motor				
10	DS	Set "disable" – t	urn off the motor				
			Forward motion				
11	DL	Forward motion	 if the motor is stopped, the start of the motion will be in this direction; if this command was received while driving, the remaining steps are processed in the direction according this command 				
12	DR	Backward motion	 <u>Backward motion</u> if the motor is stopped, the start of the motion will be in this direction; if this command was received while driving, the remaining steps are processed in the direction according this command 				
13	RS	Reverse	 <u>Reverse</u> if the motor is stopped, the start of the motion will be carried out in the opposite direction; if this command was received while driving, the remaining steps are processed in the opposite direction 				
14	AL(-)ddd	Acceleration ddd: min = -1000, max =1000					



15	SDddd (1 to 10000)	Speed ddd	 <u>Speed</u>: - if the motor is stopped the start of the motion will be carried out with this speed; if acceleration is used this command sets the final speed; if there is no acceleration this speed will be used as start speed; - if this command was received while driving, the remaining steps are processed with this speed 		
16	SSddd (1 to 2000)	Start speed: This command is used of acceleration is used (AL≠0)	only for starting motion and only when		
17	SF	Turn th	e relay on		
18	CF	Turn the relay off			
19	MV	Continuous movement	 <u>Continuous motion</u> if the motor is stopped, this command starts perpetual motion; if this command was received while driving, continuous motion with current speed begins 		
20	MVddd (1 to 10000000)	Move to ddd steps	 Motion on number of steps (min 1pul – 1000000pul) if this command was received when the motor is stopped, the motor will make ddd steps and stop; if this command was received while driving, the motor will make ddd steps and stop, previous command will be considered complete 		
21	МН	Indefinite movement, till signal to input IN2	Continuous movement, till signal to input <u>IN2</u> - if this command is received when the motor is stopped, continuous motion will		



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			begin till signal to input IN2;
			- if this command is received while driving, from this moment the motor will start continuous movement with the current speed till signal to input IN2
22	ML	Indefinite movement, till signal to input IN1	<u>Continuous movement, till signal to input</u> <u>IN1</u> - if this command is received when the motor is stopped, continuous motion will begin till signal to input IN1; - if this command is received while driving, from this moment the motor will start continuous movement with the current speed till signal to input IN1
23	ΗM	Indefinite movement, till signal to input "0" (zero limit switch)	 <u>Continuous movement, till signal to input</u> <u>"0" (zero limit switch)</u> if this command is received when the motor is stopped, continuous motion will begin till signal to input "0"; if this command is received while driving from this moment the motor will start continuous movement with the current speed till signal to input "0"
24	SPddd	Pause for ddddd ms, max = 10000000	Pause: min 1ms – max 10000000ms After receiving this command the motor will stop and wait for ddd ms and then will continue to execute the remaining steps. If in pause time the commands MV, MVddd, MH, ML, HM a received, they are executed immediately and previous command is considered complete
25	LL	Set label for cycle operation	Set label for cycle operation – for program in buffer
26	JPddd	Repeat from label ddd times, мах=255.	Repeat from label ddd times, max 255. Set



Set 2 commands JPddd to create endless (1 to 255) 2 commands JPddd to create endless cycle cycle. Indefinite pause, wait for a signal to input IN1 - if this command is received when the motor is stopped, next command will be executed after signal on the input IN1; Indefinite pause, wait for a signal to 27 WL input IN1 - if this command is received while driving, from this moment the motor is stopped waiting for a signal to input IN1 the previous command is considered complete Elndefinite pause, wait for a signal to input IN2 - if this command is received when the motor is stopped, next command will be executed after signal on the input IN2; Indefinite pause, wait for a signal to WH 28 input IN2 - if this command is received while driving, from this moment the motor is stopped waiting for a signal to input IN2, the previous command considered is complete

		Table 7
Reply	Description	
E10*	The command successfully accepted	
E13*	There is the error in the executing program	
E14*	Program executing completed	
E15*	Communication Error (check port parameters)	
E16*	Command error (check controller mode or ASCII code of the command)	
E19 *	Command data error (check command data – integer, in allowed range, see table 6)	

8. Programmable mode - submodes

The SMSD-1.5 controller goes in one of the submodes:

<u>Standby mode</u> – green color LED indicator.



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The SMSD-1.5 controller goes to the standby mode in one of the next cases:

- After program executing completed;
- After program executing was stopped by command «ST1».
- After power on (if microswitches SW1=On and SW2=On);
- After "Reset" button or input activated (if microswitches SW1=On and SW2=On).

In the standby mode the SMSD-1.5 controller wait for one of the next event:

- Arrival one of the control commands from a computer (table 5, accepted commands are «LD1», «RD1», «ST1»);
- Start executing program by pressing the button "Start" or input signal "Start" (connect "Start" and "GND");
- Start searching for a limit switch (zero position) by pressing the "Home" button or input signal "Start" (connect "Home" and "GND");
- Turn to the other operation mode: manual or simple driver mode (see section 6 and table 3).

<u>Program executing mode</u> – blink red color LED indicator.

The SMSD-1.5 controller turns to the program executing mode and start motion algorithm from the standby mode in case of:

- "Start" button pressed or input activated (connect "Start" and "GND");
- Arrival the control command «ST1»;

The SMSD-1.5 controller turns back from program executing to the standby mode in case of:

- Executing program completed;
- Arrival the control command «ST1»;
- "Reset" button pressed or input activated (connect "Reset" and "GND").

The commands of the sequence (operation algorithm) are executed one by one, as they were recorder to the controller. The controller commutates motor windings according to the executing commands. At the same time SMSD-1.5 controls the inputs state for "BX1", "BX2", "EN", "Reverse", "0".

Active "EN" signal suspends and inactive signal resumes the program executing. Active "Reverse" signal changes motion direction (by the front edge). "BX1", "BX2" and "0" signals are handed according to the current executing command.

Waiting for an external signal submode – red color LED indicator.

The SMSD-1.5 controller turns to this submode during program executing, as per the command "WH" or "WL" – waiting for an external signal. The controller suspends program executing till receiving active signal to input BX1 or BX2. As the signal arrives to BX1 or BX2 (as per the command) the controller resumes program executing.

<u>**Commands loading to the controllers memory** – orange color LED indicator.</u>

The SMSD-1.5 controller turns to this mode from the standby mode as receives the command "LD1". In the commands loading mode the controller accepts the executing commands only (table 6). After arriving the command "ED" the controller record all received executing commands to the memory and turns to the standby mode.

<u>Reading commands from the controller</u> – orange color LED indicator.

The SMSD-1.5 controller turns to this mode from the standby mode. The sequence of executing commands from the controller memory transfers to the computer as the controller receives the command "RD1". After the commands transferred the controller turns back to the standby mode.

<u>**Temporary stop mode**</u> – orange color LED indicator.

The SMSD-1.5 controller turns to this submode during program executing as receives the signal «EN» (contact «EN» and «GND»). The controller suspends program executing while the signal is active. As the signal turns to inactive the controller resumes the program executing.

Executing program error – blink orange color LED indicator.



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The SMSD-1.5 controller turns to this submode during program executing in case of wrong command in the sequence. The exit of this mode as "Reset" button pressed or input activated (connect "Reset" and "GND"). The executing program should be recorded again to the controller memory.

9. Manufacturer information

Smart Motor Devices adheres to the line of continuous development and reserves the right to make changes and improvements in the design and software of the product without prior notice. The information contained in this manual is subject to change at any time and without prior notice.

10. Warranty

Any repair or modifications are performed by the manufacturer or an authorized company. The manufacturer guarantees the failure-free operation of the controller for 12 months since date of sale when the operation conditions are satisfied – section 3.

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